

Water Quality Report - Kinnear

2025 SEASON

OUR ORGANIZATION



Since 2003, Vision H₂O is actively involved in several projects aimed at preserving the integrity of our local environment. As a watershed organization, the group works from an integrated water resource management approach in collaboration with various stakeholders in the region. Education and awareness of the importance of maintaining a healthy environment are at the heart of the organization.

OUR WATERSHED

The Cap-Acadie watershed stretches along some 70 km of coastline, from Cap-Bimet to Johnson's Point (Shemogue). Covering an area of over 320 km², the watershed includes the Aboujagane, Kinnear, Kouchibouguac and Tedish rivers, as well as several streams and other bodies of water, including lakes.

BASSINS VERSANTS DE CAP-ACADIE ET ENVIRONS

WATERSHEDS OF THE CAP-ACADIE AREA

**Légende / Legend**

Limites du bassin versant Watershed boundary	Chemins Roads	Autoroute 15 Highway 15	Cours d'eau Watercourses
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**Nom des cours
d'eau principaux**
**Name of major
watercourses**



WHAT DO WE MEASURE?

Water Temperature

Water needs to be cold enough for some species (like salmon and trout) to survive.

Dissolved Oxygen

Ecosystems need a minimum amount of oxygen in the water to support healthy aquatic life.

E. Coli

Escherichia coli is a species of bacteria commonly found in the lower intestines of mammal species. *E. coli* levels are often used to detect fecal contamination in water.

pH

This measures how acidic/basic the water is- neutral levels are best for fish. Changes to the natural pH might impact the nutrients or toxins in the water.

Dissolved Solids

Dissolved solids can be anything from organic material, to minerals, to pollutants. Too many dissolved solids harm aquatic life and may indicate contaminated runoff.

Metals

Metals enter water from natural weathering of rocks and soils, and from human activities such as mining and industry. Even at low levels, these metals can harm aquatic life, affecting growth and survival.

Nutrients

While some nutrients are healthy, too many nutrients (like phosphorus and nitrogen) can cause algae and harm ecosystems. Nutrients often come from manure and fertilizer in runoff.

THE WATER QUALITY INDEX



Using the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment water quality guidelines, the Water Quality Index (WQI) combines multiple parameters into a single value that summarizes water quality at a site. It is calculated based on:

- the number of parameters that exceed guidelines,
- the number of times guidelines are exceeded,
- and the amount by which they are exceeded.

For an accurate WQI, a site is required to have 4 samples per year with at least 4 variables measured.

OUR WATER QUALITY INDEX SCORES

The WQI was calculated using: ammonia, arsenic, chloride, copper, dissolved oxygen, iron, nitrate, pH, phosphorus, turbidity, and zinc. These parameters are the same ones used by the NB Department of Environment and Local Government.

95-100

Absence of threat
Almost pristine

80-94

Minor degree of threat
Usually desirable levels

65-79

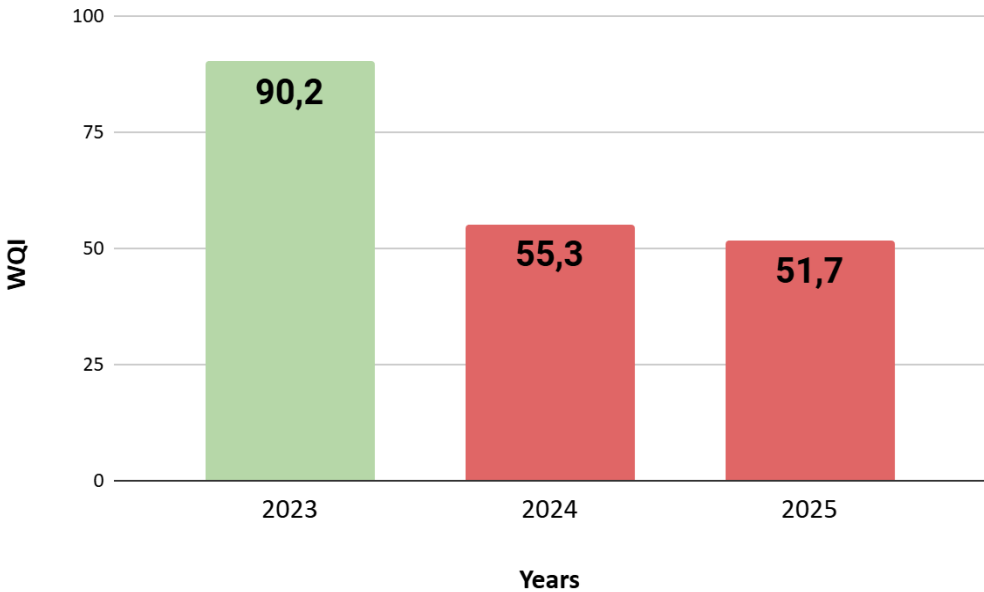
Occasional threat
Sometimes desirable

45-64

Frequent threat
Often not desirable

0-44

Almost constant threat
Usually not desirable



FAILED TESTS

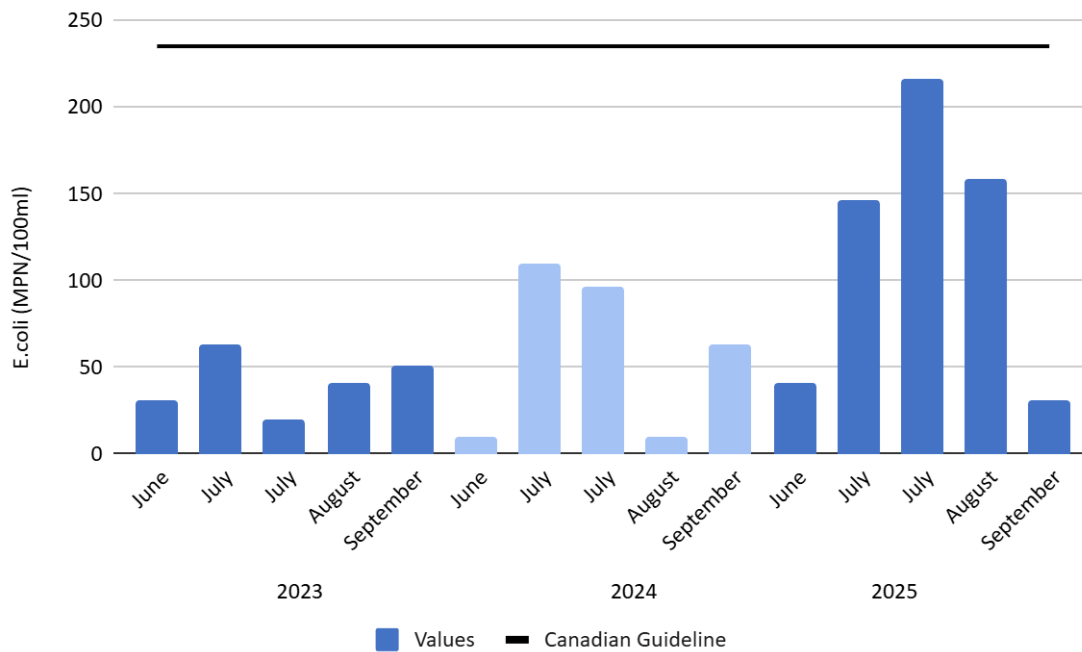
The table on the left lists the parameters that surpassed CCME water quality guidelines each year, along with the percentage of samples that reported these exceedances.

High level of iron is to be expected, as New Brunswick sites typically contain high levels of iron due to its geological makeup.

Year	Failed Tests
2023	Iron (100%)
2024	Chloride (40%), Iron (100%), Dissolved oxygen (60%), Turbidity (20%)
2025	Chloride (80%), Iron (60%), Dissolved oxygen (80%)

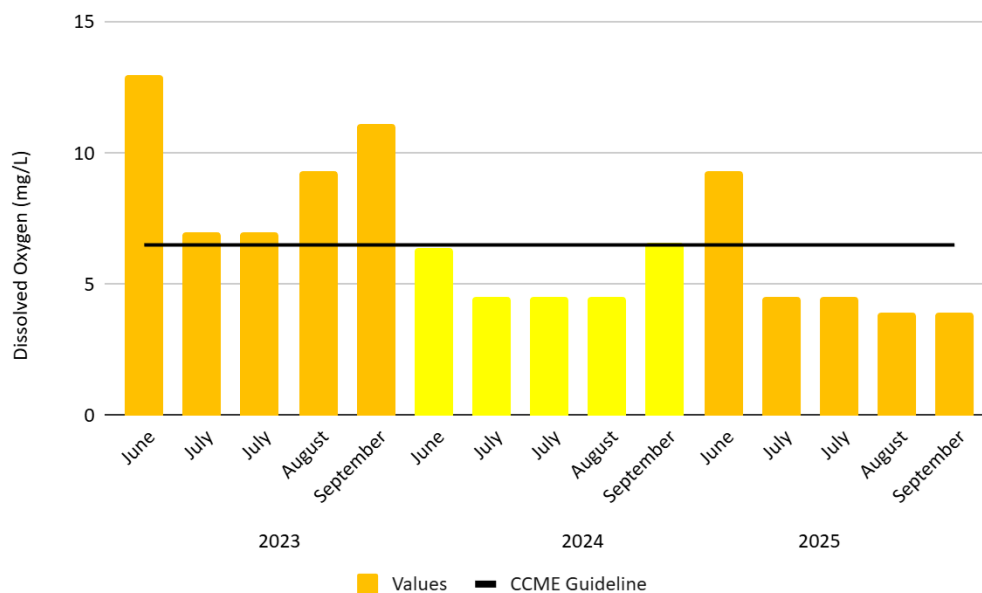
E. COLI

In the last three years, this site has not recorded *E. coli* levels exceeding the 235 MPN/100 mL Canadian Recreational Water Quality guideline.



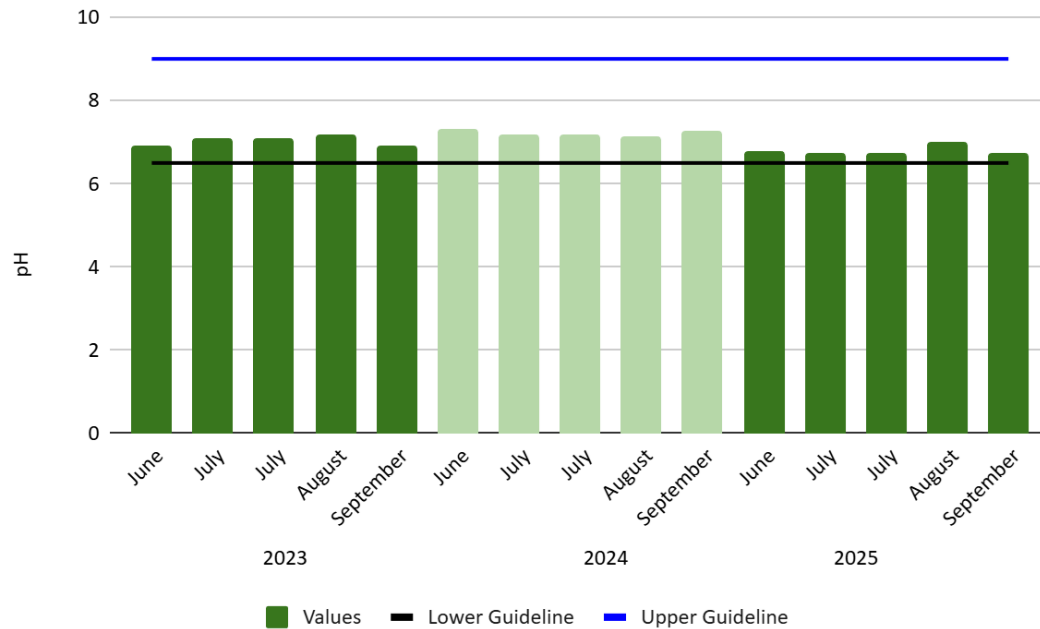
DISSOLVED OXYGEN

This site has recorded dissolved oxygen levels below the NB provincial objective of 6.5 mg/L seven times in the past three years. Inadequate dissolved oxygen in rivers can adversely affect aquatic organisms by hindering their growth and reproductive capabilities.



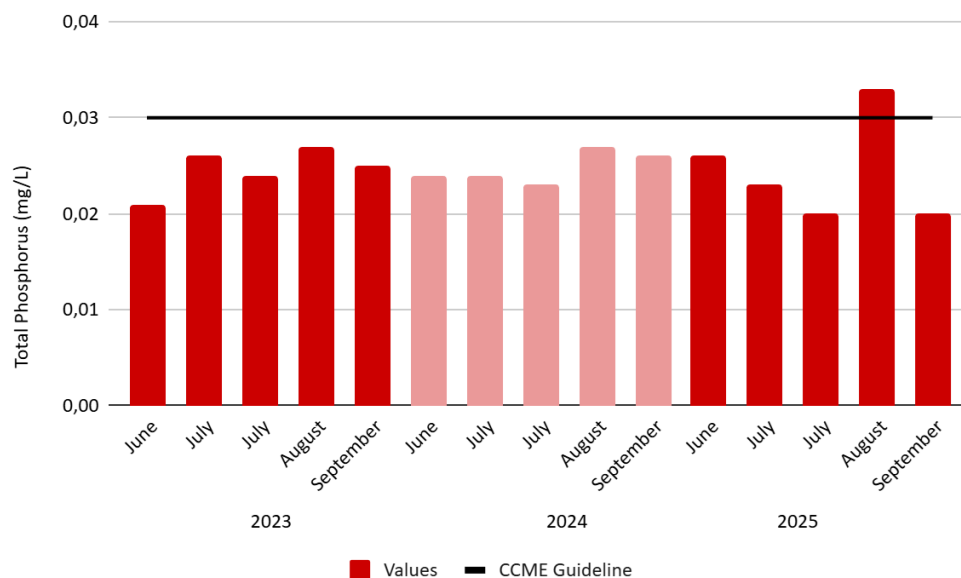
PH

This site doesn't have values below the CCME water quality guideline for pH of 6.5-9.0 for the past three years. Deviations in pH levels in rivers can disrupt the growth of aquatic plants and animals, subsequently affecting the overall health and balance of aquatic ecosystems.



TOTAL PHOSPHORUS

This site has surpassed the CCME total phosphorus water quality guideline of 0.03 mg/L once in the past three years. Increased phosphorus levels in rivers boost the growth of algae and aquatic plants, subsequently reducing the dissolved oxygen available to aquatic life.



Acknowledgements

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